

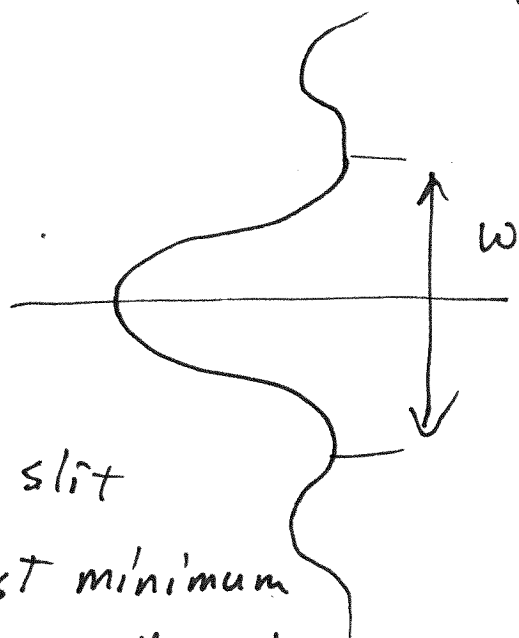
Ch. 4 Prob. 32

(#1)

$$w = 5.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda = 600 \text{ nm}$$

$$L = 2.0 \text{ m}$$



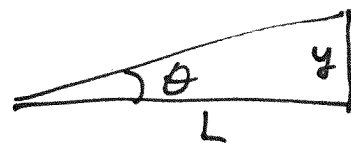
a) what is the width of the slit

The distance of the first minimum from the center of the pattern is

$$y = \frac{w}{2} = \frac{5.0 \text{ mm}}{2} = \underline{2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}$$

Now find the angle

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{L}$$



$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{L}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{2.0 \text{ m}}\right) = 0.0716^\circ$$

Now use the single-slit formula where  $m=1$

$$D \sin \theta = m\lambda = \lambda$$

$$D = \frac{\lambda}{\sin \theta} = \frac{600 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}}{\sin(0.0716^\circ)}$$

$$D = 4.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m} = \boxed{0.48 \text{ mm}}$$



b) Find the ratio of the intensity at 4.5 mm compared to the intensity at the center.

Begin with the intensity formula for the single-slit.

$$I = I_0 \left( \frac{\sin \beta}{\beta} \right)^2 \quad \text{where } \beta = \frac{\phi}{2} = \frac{\pi D \sin \theta}{\lambda}$$

At the center  $\theta = 0$ . This gives us a problem where  $\frac{\sin 0}{0}$ . However, at the center, the intensity is  $I_0$

$$\therefore \frac{I(4.5 \text{ mm})}{I(0)} = \frac{I_0 \left( \frac{\sin \beta}{\beta} \right)^2}{I_0} = \left( \frac{\sin \beta}{\beta} \right)^2$$

so we need to solve for  $\beta$

$$\beta = \frac{\pi D \sin \theta}{\lambda} \quad \text{by the small angle approx.}$$

we can replace  $\sin \theta$  with  $\tan \theta = \frac{y}{L}$

$$\beta = \frac{\pi D y}{\lambda L} = \frac{\pi (4.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m})(4.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m})}{(600 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m})(2.0 \text{ m})}$$

$$\beta = 5.65$$

$$\text{so } \frac{I(4.5 \text{ mm})}{I(0)} = \left[ \frac{\sin(5.65)}{5.65} \right]^2 = [0.0174]^2 = \boxed{3.04 \times 10^{-4}}$$