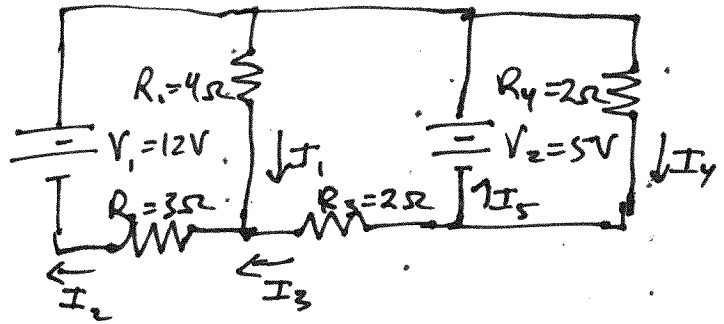


Ch. 10 Prob. 41

a) Find $I_1, I_2, I_3, I_4 + I_5$

Use Kirchhoff's Rules



Current Node

~~$I_1 + I_3 = I_2$~~ $I_1 + I_3 = I_2$ (#1)

$I_4 = I_3 + I_5$ (#2)

Voltage Loop

~~$12 - 4I_1 - 3I_2 = 0$~~ (#3)

~~$5 - 4I_1 + 2I_3 = 0$~~ (#4)

~~$5 - 2I_4 = 0$~~ (#5)

Drop units for now

from (#5) $5 = 2I_4 \rightarrow I_4 = \frac{5}{2} = \boxed{2.5 A} = I_4$

sub (#1) into (#3)

~~$12 - 4I_1 - 3(I_1 + I_3) = 0$~~

~~$12 - 4I_1 - 3I_1 - 3I_3 = 0 \rightarrow 12 - 7I_1 - 3I_3 = 0$~~

solve for I_3 $12 - 7I_1 = 3I_3 \rightarrow I_3 = \frac{12 - 7I_1}{3}$ (#6)

sub (#6) into (#4)

$I_3 = 4 - \frac{7}{3}I_1$

~~Use (#2)~~ $5 - 4I_1 + 2(4 - \frac{7}{3}I_1) = 0$

$5 - 4I_1 + 8 - \frac{14}{3}I_1 = 0$

$13 - (4 + \frac{14}{3})I_1 = 0 \rightarrow 13 - (\frac{12}{3} + \frac{14}{3})I_1 = 0$

$13 = \frac{26}{3}I_1 \rightarrow \frac{39}{26} = I_1 \rightarrow \boxed{I_1 = 1.5 A}$

Now use (#6)

$I_3 = 4 - \frac{7}{3}(1.5) = 4 - 3.5 = \boxed{0.5 A = I_3}$

Use (#1) $I_2 = 1.5 A + 0.5 A = \boxed{2.0 A = I_2}$

~~$I_5 = I_4 - I_3 = 2.5 A - 0.5 A = 2.0 A$~~

Use #2

$$I_5 = I_4 - I_3$$

$$= 2.5A - 0.5A = \boxed{2.0A = I_5}$$

b) Find power supplied by power supply

$$P_{V_1} = I_2 \cdot V_1 = (2.0A)(12V) = \boxed{24W} \rightarrow + \boxed{34W}$$

$$P_{V_2} = I_5 \cdot V_2 = (2.0A)(5V) = \boxed{10W} \rightarrow$$

c) Find power ^{dissipated} consumed by resistors
dissipated.

$$P_{R_1} = I_1^2 R_1 = (1.5A)^2 (4\Omega) = \boxed{9W} \rightarrow + \boxed{34W}$$

$$P_{R_2} = I_2^2 R_2 = (2.0A)^2 (3\Omega) = \boxed{12W} \rightarrow$$

$$P_{R_3} = I_3^2 R_3 = (0.5A)^2 (2\Omega) = \boxed{0.5W} \rightarrow$$

$$P_{R_4} = I_4^2 R_4 = (2.5A)^2 (2\Omega) = \boxed{12.5W} \rightarrow$$
~~$$P_{R_5}$$~~