Chapter 14 Problem 28[†]

Given $A = 1.2 \ cm = 1.2 \times 10^{-2} \ m$ $f = 44 \ Hz$ $F = 21 \ N$ $m = 15 \ g/m = 0.015 \ kg/m$

Solution

a) Find the wave speed.

For a string under tension the velocity of a wave is

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}}$$

Substituting in the appropriate values gives

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{21 \ N}{0.015 \ kg/m}} = 37.4 \ m/s$$

b) Find the maximum speed of a point on the string.

The velocity of a point on the string is given by the first derivative of the displacement function.

$$u = \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d(A\cos(kx - \omega t))}{dt} = A\omega\sin(kx - \omega t)$$

The maximum velocity is then

$$u_{\rm max} = A\omega$$

The angular velocity can be found from the frequency.

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi (44 \ Hz) = 276 \ s^{-1}$$

The maximum velocity is then

$$u_{\rm max} = (1.2 \times 10^{-2} \ m)(276 \ s^{-1}) = 3.31 \ m/s$$

[†]Problem from Essential University Physics, Wolfson