

Chapter 9

Problem 60

$m_f = 75 \text{ kg}$ $\vec{v}_f = 8.2 \text{ m/s}$
 $m_m = 50 \text{ kg}$ $\vec{v}_m = 3.3 \text{ m/s}$ $\angle 45^\circ$
 $m_d = 30 \text{ kg}$ $\vec{v}_d = 0$

m_f m_m m_d
 v_f v_m v_d
 Father Mother Daughter

Let the Father's velocity be in the +x-direction Then

$$\vec{v}_f = (8.2 \hat{i}) \text{ m/s}$$

Let the Mother's velocity be in the 1st Quadrant, Then

$$\vec{v}_m = 3.3 \cos 45^\circ \hat{i} + 3.3 \sin 45^\circ \hat{j} = (2.33 \hat{i} + 2.33 \hat{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

The daughter is stationary.

$$\vec{v}_d = 0$$

Assuming no loss due to friction, The sequential collisions can be treated as happening simultaneously for ease of calculation

Using Conservation of Momentum

$$\vec{P}_i = \vec{P}_f$$

$$m_f \vec{v}_f + m_m \vec{v}_m + m_d \vec{v}_d = (m_f + m_m + m_d) \vec{v}_{\text{final}}$$

← all are moving as one object.

Solve for \vec{v}_f

$$\vec{v}_{\text{final}} = \frac{m_f \vec{v}_f + m_m \vec{v}_m + m_d \vec{v}_d}{m_f + m_m + m_d}$$

$$= \frac{(75 \text{ kg})(8.2 \hat{i} \text{ m/s}) + (50 \text{ kg})(2.33 \hat{i} + 2.33 \hat{j}) + (30 \text{ kg})(0 \text{ m/s})}{75 \text{ kg} + 50 \text{ kg} + 30 \text{ kg}}$$

$$= \frac{(615 \hat{i} + 116.5 \hat{i} + 116.5 \hat{j} + 0) \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{155 \text{ kg}}$$

$$= \frac{731.5 \hat{i} + 116.5 \hat{j}}{155} \text{ m/s} = (4.7 \hat{i} + 0.75 \hat{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

Magnitude of the velocity's

$$v_{\text{final}} = \sqrt{(4.7)^2 + (0.75)^2} = \boxed{4.8 \text{ m/s}}$$

at an angle of

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.75}{4.7}\right) = \boxed{9.1^\circ}$$