Chapter 4 Problem 91[†]

Given

 $\vec{v}(t) = 250.0 \ \hat{i} \ m/s$ $\vec{a}(t) = (3.0 \ \hat{i} + 4.0 \ \hat{j}) \ m/s^2$

Solution

What is the velocity 5 s after the rockets fire?

Although the acceleration is a vector, it is constant. Therefore, the vector form of the kinematic equations apply. Using the first kinematic equation gives

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_f &= \vec{v}_0 + \vec{a}t \\ \vec{v}_f &= (250.0 \ \hat{i} \ m/s) + (\{3.0 \ \hat{i} + 4.0 \ \hat{j}\} \ m/s^2)(5.0 \ s) \\ \vec{v}_f &= (250.0 \ \hat{i} \ m/s) + \{15.0 \ \hat{i} + 20.0 \ \hat{j}\} \ m/s \\ \vec{v}_f &= \{265.0 \ \hat{i} + 20.0 \ \hat{j}\} \ m/s \end{aligned}$$

[†]Problem from University Physics by Ling, Sanny and Moebs (OpenStax)