## Chapter 3 Problem $86{ }^{\dagger}$

## Given

$x(t)=2.0-4.0 t^{2}$

## Solution

a) What is the velocity as a function of time?

The definition of velocity is

$$
v=\frac{d x}{d t}
$$

Substitute in the function for position and take the derivative

$$
\begin{aligned}
& v=\frac{d}{d t}\left(2.0-4.0 t^{2}\right) \\
& v=-4.0(2) t \\
& v=-8.0 t
\end{aligned}
$$

b) What is the acceleration as a function of time?

The definition of acceleration is

$$
a=\frac{d v}{d t}
$$

Substitute in the function for velocity and take the derivative

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a=\frac{d}{d t}(-8.0 t) \\
& a=-8.0
\end{aligned}
$$

The acceleration of the particle is a constant.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Problem from University Physics by Ling, Sanny and Moebs (OpenStax)

