

Chapter 11Problem 42

$m = 1.0 \text{ kg}$

$\vec{r} = (2.0\hat{i} - 4.0\hat{j} + 6.0\hat{k}) \text{ m}$

$\vec{v} = (-1.0\hat{i} + 4.0\hat{j} + 1.0\hat{k}) \text{ m/s}$

$\vec{F} = (10.0\hat{i} + 15.0\hat{j}) \text{ N}$

a) What is the angular momentum about the origin?

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = \vec{r} \times m\vec{v} = m(\vec{r} \times \vec{v})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{r} \times \vec{v} &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & -4 & 6 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \hat{i} \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 6 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \hat{j} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \hat{k} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= [(-4)(1) - (4)(6)]\hat{i} - [(2)(1) - (-1)(6)]\hat{j} + [(2)(4) - (-1)(-4)]\hat{k} \\ &= (-4 - 24)\hat{i} - (2 + 6)\hat{j} + (8 - 4)\hat{k} \\ &= (-28\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) \text{ m}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{L} = m(\vec{r} \times \vec{v}) = (1.0 \text{ kg})(-28\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{L} = (-28\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) \text{ kgm}^2/\text{s}}$$

b) What is the torque about the origin?

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & -4 & 6 \\ 10 & 15 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 6 \\ 15 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 10 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 10 & 15 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} \\ &= [(-4)(0) - (15)(6)]\hat{i} - [(2)(0) - (10)(6)]\hat{j} \\ &\quad + [(2)(15) - (10)(-4)]\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{\tau} = (-90\hat{i} + 60\hat{j} + 70\hat{k}) \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

c) What is the ~~angular~~ <sup>time</sup> rate of change of the particles' angular momentum at this instant?

$$\vec{\tau} = \frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = [-90\hat{i} + 60\hat{j} + 70\hat{k}] \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$