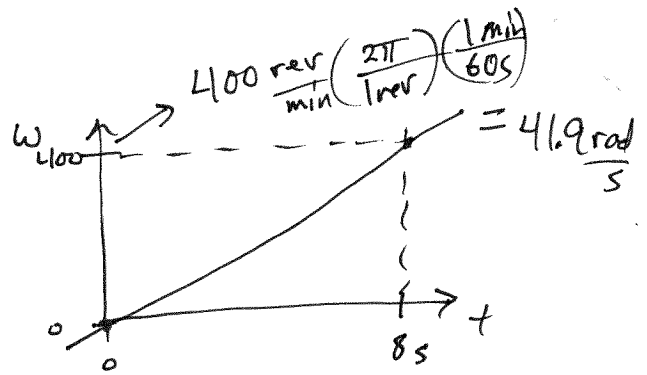


Chapter 10Problem 44

a) What is the angle through which the blades rotate in 8 seconds?



From the graph the velocity changes linearly with time. Therefore $\omega = m \cdot t$

The slope, m , is $m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{400 \text{ rev/min}}{8 \text{ s}}$

$m = 50 \text{ rev/s} \cdot \text{min}$
 These units are not acceptable
 convert everything into radians from rev
 and ~~min~~ seconds from min.

$$m = 50 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{s} \cdot \text{min}} \left(\frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{1 \text{ rev}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = 5.24 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

If $\omega = \left(5.24 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2} \right) \cdot t$

Then $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega \rightarrow d\theta = \omega dt \rightarrow \int_0^\theta d\theta = \int_0^t \omega dt$
 $\theta = \int_0^t 5.24 \cdot t dt$
 $= \frac{5.24 t^2}{2}$

If $\theta = \frac{5.24 t^2}{2} = 2.62 t^2$

Then $\theta(8\text{s}) = 2.62 (8)^2 = \boxed{168 \text{ rad}}$

b) use the kinematic equation

$$\omega_f^2 - \omega_0^2 = 2\alpha \Delta\theta$$

$$\omega_f = 400 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \left(\frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{1 \text{ rev}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right)$$

$$\alpha = m = 5.24 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\omega_f = 41.9 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\Delta\theta = \frac{\omega_f^2 - \omega_0^2}{2\alpha} = \frac{(41.9 \text{ rad/s})^2 - (0)^2}{2(5.24 \text{ rad/s}^2)} = \boxed{168 \text{ rad}}$$